

3-mo Calving Interval

Pre-Calving Dec

Pregnant cows and heifers

(1 to 3 months prior to calving)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 Culling evaluations(based on physical)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Identifications (ear tag or tattoo, brand)
- 5 Nutritional evaluations(protein, minerals, fecal pad, hay, forage, soil test results)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Calving Jan - Mar

Pregnant cows and heifers

1 Observations (early assistance with dystocia)

New born calves

- 2 Observations (nursing, colostrum intake)
- 3 Birth weights
- 4 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 5 Sanitation evaluation

Post-Calving Jan - Mar Nursing calves (less than 2 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk intake)
- 3 Identification (ear tag, notch or tattoo)
- 4 Castrate (knife or band)
- 5 Dehorn (hot iron or tube)

Cows

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(energy, minerals, soil test results)

Pre-Breeding Jan - Feb Open heifers (1 to 3 months prior to breeding)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 <u>Breeding Soundness Evaluation</u> (reproductive tract scores, pelvic measurements, breeding weights)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 5 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 8 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Bulls (1 to 3 months prior to turning in bulls)

- 9 Physical exams (body condition, prepuce, feet, teeth, eyes, nose)
- 10 Breeding Soundness Evaluation (semen, penis, testicles)
- 11 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 12 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 13 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 14 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 15 Strategic fly control evaluations
- * minimum vaccines

Post-Calving

May

Nursing calves (2 to 4 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (1st 5-way Lepto, 1st 7-way Clostridia, Intranasal Live IBR)*
- 4 Growth implant
- 5 Identification (brand)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Cows

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 11 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 12 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Breeding

Apr - Jun

Bulls

- 1 Turn in bulls (bull to cow ratio)
- 2 Observations (serving, physical)

Post-Calving

Jul

Nursing calves

(4 to 6 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (2nd 5-way Lepto, 2nd 7-way Clostridia, Heifer Brucellosis)
- 4 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 5 Strategic fly control evaluations

Pregnant cows and heifers

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 8 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 9 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 10 Pregnancy detection (palpation, ultrasound)
- 11 Culling evaluations(based on physical, pregnancy, calves)

Post-Calving

Sep

(6 to 8 months of age)

Weaned, separated calves

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, quality)2 Nutritional evaluations (grass, feed intake)
- 3 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 4 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 5 Vaccinate (Live 4-way IBR, BVD, BRSV, PI3)*
- 6 Wean (market, retain)
- 7 Wean weights

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Culling evaluations(based on physical, calves)
- 11 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 12 Strategic fly control evaluations



3-mo Calving Interval

Pre-Calving Jan

Pregnant cows and heifers

(1 to 3 months prior to calving)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 Culling evaluations(based on physical)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Identifications (ear tag or tattoo, brand)
- Nutritional evaluations(protein, minerals, fecal pad, hay, forage, soil test results)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Calving Feb - Apr

Pregnant cows and heifers

1 Observations (early assistance with dystocia)

New born calves

- 2 Observations (nursing, colostrum intake)
- 3 Birth weights
- 4 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 5 Sanitation evaluation

Post-Calving Feb - Apr Nursing calves (less than 2 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk intake)
- 3 Identification (ear tag, notch or tattoo)
- Castrate (knife or band)
- 5 Dehorn (hot iron or tube)

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(energy, minerals, soil test results)

Pre-Breeding Open heifers (1 to 3 months prior to breeding)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- Breeding Soundness Evaluation (reproductive tract scores, pelvic measurements, breeding weights)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 8 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Bulls (1 to 3 months prior to turning in bulls)

- 9 Physical exams (body condition, prepuce, feet, teeth, eyes, nose)
- 10 Breeding Soundness Evaluation (semen, penis, testicles)
- 11 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 12 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 13 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 14 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 15 Strategic fly control evaluations
- minimum vaccines

Post-Calving

Nursing calves

Jun

(2 to 4 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (1st 5-way Lepto, 1st 7-way Clostridia, Intranasal Live IBR)*
- 4 Growth implant
- 5 Identification (brand)
- Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 11 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 12 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Breeding May - Jul

Bulls

- 1 Turn in bulls (bull to cow ratio)
- 2 Observations (serving, physical)

Post-Calving

Aug

Nursing calves

(4 to 6 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (2nd 5-way Lepto, 2nd 7-way Clostridia, Heifer Brucellosis)*
- 4 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 5 Strategic fly control evaluations

Pregnant cows and heifers

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 8 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 9 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 10 Pregnancy detection (palpation, ultrasound)
- 11 Culling evaluations(based on physical, pregnancy, calves)

Post-Calving

Oct

(6 to 8 months of age)

Weaned, separated calves

1 Physical exams (behavior, quality)

- 2 Nutritional evaluations(grass, feed intake)
- 3 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 4 Strategic fly control evaluations
- Vaccinate (Live 4-way IBR, BVD, BRSV, PI3)*
- 6 Wean (market, retain)
- 7 Wean weights

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Culling evaluations(based on physical, calves)
- 11 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 12 Strategic fly control evaluations



3-mo Calving Interval

Pre-Calving Feb

Pregnant cows and heifers

(1 to 3 months prior to calving)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 Culling evaluations(based on physical)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Identifications (ear tag or tattoo, brand)
- 5 Nutritional evaluations(protein, minerals, fecal pad, hay, forage, soil test results)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Calving Mar - May

Pregnant cows and heifers

1 Observations (early assistance with dystocia)

New born calves

- 2 Observations (nursing, colostrum intake)
- 3 Birth weights
- 4 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 5 Sanitation evaluation

Post-Calving Mar - May Nursing calves (less than 2 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk intake)
- 3 Identification (ear tag, notch or tattoo)
- 4 Castrate (knife or band)
- 5 Dehorn (hot iron or tube)

Cows

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(energy, minerals, soil test results)

Pre-Breeding Mar - Apr Open heifers (1 to 3 months prior to breeding)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 <u>Breeding Soundness Evaluation</u> (reproductive tract scores, pelvic measurements, breeding weights)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 5 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 8 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Bulls (1 to 3 months prior to turning in bulls)

- 9 Physical exams (body condition, prepuce, feet, teeth, eyes, nose)
- 10 Breeding Soundness Evaluation (semen, penis, testicles)
- 11 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 12 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 13 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 14 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 15 Strategic fly control evaluations
- * minimum vaccines

Post-Calving Nursing calves

Jul

(2 to 4 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (1st 5-way Lepto, 1st 7-way Clostridia, Intranasal Live IBR)*
- 4 Growth implant
- 5 Identification (brand)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Cows

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 11 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 12 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Breeding

Jun - Aug

Bulls

- 1 Turn in bulls (bull to cow ratio)
- 2 Observations (serving, physical)

Post-Calving

Sep

Nursing calves

(4 to 6 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (2nd 5-way Lepto, 2nd 7-way Clostridia, Heifer Brucellosis)
- 4 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 5 Strategic fly control evaluations

Pregnant cows and heifers

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 8 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 9 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 10 Pregnancy detection (palpation, ultrasound)
- 11 Culling evaluations(based on physical, pregnancy, calves)

Post-Calving

Nov

Weaned, separated calves

(6 to 8 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, quality)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(grass, feed intake)
- 3 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 4 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 5 Vaccinate (Live 4-way IBR, BVD, BRSV, PI3)*
- 6 Wean (market, retain)
- 7 Wean weights

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Culling evaluations(based on physical, calves)
- 11 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 12 Strategic fly control evaluations



3-mo Calving Interval

Pre-Calving Mar

Pregnant cows and heifers

(1 to 3 months prior to calving)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 Culling evaluations(based on physical)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Identifications (ear tag or tattoo, brand)
- 5 Nutritional evaluations(protein, minerals, fecal pad, hay, forage, soil test results)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Calving Apr - Jun

Pregnant cows and heifers

1 Observations (early assistance with dystocia)

New born calves

- 2 Observations (nursing, colostrum intake)
- 3 Birth weights
- 4 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 5 Sanitation evaluation

Post-Calving Apr - Jun Nursing calves (less than 2 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk intake)
- 3 Identification (ear tag, notch or tattoo)
- 4 Castrate (knife or band)
- 5 Dehorn (hot iron or tube)

Cows

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(energy, minerals, soil test results)

Pre-Breeding Apr - May Open heifers (1 to 3 months prior to breeding)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 Breeding Soundness Evaluation (reproductive tract scores, pelvic measurements, breeding weights)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 5 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 8 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Bulls (1 to 3 months prior to turning in bulls)

- 9 Physical exams (body condition, prepuce, feet, teeth, eyes, nose)
- 10 Breeding Soundness Evaluation (semen, penis, testicles)
- 11 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 12 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 13 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 14 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 15 Strategic fly control evaluations
- * minimum vaccines

Post-Calving

Aug

(2 to 4 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (1st 5-way Lepto, 1st 7-way Clostridia, Intranasal Live IBR)*
- 4 Growth implant

Nursing calves

- 5 Identification (brand)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Cows

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 11 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 12 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Breeding

Bulls

- 1 Turn in bulls (bull to cow ratio)
- 2 Observations (serving, physical)

Post-Calving

Oct

Nursing calves

(4 to 6 months of age)

Jul - Sep

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (2nd 5-way Lepto, 2nd 7-way Clostridia, Heifer Brucellosis)
- 4 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 5 Strategic fly control evaluations

Pregnant cows and heifers

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 8 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 9 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 10 Pregnancy detection (palpation, ultrasound)
- 11 Culling evaluations(based on physical, pregnancy, calves)

Post-Calving Weaned, separated calves

Dec

(6 to 8 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, quality)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(grass, feed intake)
- 3 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 4 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 5 Vaccinate (Live 4-way IBR, BVD, BRSV, PI3)*
- 6 Wean (market, retain)
- 7 Wean weights

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Culling evaluations(based on physical, calves)
- 11 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 12 Strategic fly control evaluations



3-mo Calving Interval

Pre-Calving Ap

Pregnant cows and heifers

(1 to 3 months prior to calving)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 Culling evaluations(based on physical)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Identifications (ear tag or tattoo, brand)
- 5 Nutritional evaluations(protein, minerals, fecal pad, hay, forage, soil test results)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Calving May - Jul

Pregnant cows and heifers

1 Observations (early assistance with dystocia)

New born calves

- 2 Observations (nursing, colostrum intake)
- 3 Birth weights
- 4 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 5 Sanitation evaluation

Post-Calving May - Jul Nursing calves (less than 2 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk intake)
- 3 Identification (ear tag, notch or tattoo)
- 4 Castrate (knife or band)
- 5 Dehorn (hot iron or tube)

Cows

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(energy, minerals, soil test results)

Pre-Breeding May - Jun Open heifers (1 to 3 months prior to breeding)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 <u>Breeding Soundness Evaluation</u> (reproductive tract scores, pelvic measurements, breeding weights)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 5 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 8 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Bulls (1 to 3 months prior to turning in bulls)

- 9 Physical exams (body condition, prepuce, feet, teeth, eyes, nose)
- 10 Breeding Soundness Evaluation (semen, penis, testicles)
- 11 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 12 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 13 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 14 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 15 Strategic fly control evaluations
- * minimum vaccines

Post-Calving Nursing calves

Sep

(2 to 4 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (1st 5-way Lepto, 1st 7-way Clostridia, Intranasal Live IBR)*
- 4 Growth implant
- 5 Identification (brand)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Cows

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 11 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 12 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Breeding

Aug - Oct

Bulls

- 1 Turn in bulls (bull to cow ratio)
- 2 Observations (serving, physical)

Post-Calving

Nov

Nursing calves

(4 to 6 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (2nd 5-way Lepto, 2nd 7-way Clostridia, Heifer Brucellosis)
- 4 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 5 Strategic fly control evaluations

Pregnant cows and heifers

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 8 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 9 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 10 Pregnancy detection (palpation, ultrasound)
- 11 Culling evaluations(based on physical, pregnancy, calves)

Post-Calving

Jan

(6 to 8 months of age)

Weaned, separated calvesPhysical exams (behavior, quality)

- 2 Nutritional evaluations(grass, feed intake)
- 3 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 4 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 5 Vaccinate (Live 4-way IBR, BVD, BRSV, PI3)*
- 6 Wean (market, retain)
- 7 Wean weights

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Culling evaluations(based on physical, calves)
- 11 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 12 Strategic fly control evaluations



3-mo Calving Interval

Pre-Calving Mav

Pregnant cows and heifers

(1 to 3 months prior to calving)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 Culling evaluations(based on physical)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Identifications (ear tag or tattoo, brand)
- Nutritional evaluations(protein, minerals, fecal pad, hay, forage, soil test results)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Jun - Aug Calving

Pregnant cows and heifers

1 Observations (early assistance with dystocia)

New born calves

- 2 Observations (nursing, colostrum intake)
- 3 Birth weights
- 4 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 5 Sanitation evaluation

Post-Calving Jun - Aug Nursing calves (less than 2 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk intake)
- 3 Identification (ear tag, notch or tattoo)
- Castrate (knife or band)
- 5 Dehorn (hot iron or tube)

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(energy, minerals, soil test results)

Pre-Breeding Open heifers (1 to 3 months prior to breeding)

1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)

- Breeding Soundness Evaluation (reproductive tract scores, pelvic measurements, breeding weights)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 8 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Bulls (1 to 3 months prior to turning in bulls)

- 9 Physical exams (body condition, prepuce, feet, teeth, eyes, nose)
- 10 Breeding Soundness Evaluation (semen, penis, testicles)
- 11 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 12 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 13 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 14 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 15 Strategic fly control evaluations
- minimum vaccines

Post-Calving

Oct

Nursing calves

(2 to 4 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (1st 5-way Lepto, 1st 7-way Clostridia, Intranasal Live IBR)*
- 4 Growth implant
- 5 Identification (brand)
- Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 11 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 12 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Breeding

Sep - Nov

Bulls

- 1 Turn in bulls (bull to cow ratio)
- 2 Observations (serving, physical)

Post-Calving

Dec

Nursing calves

(4 to 6 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (2nd 5-way Lepto, 2nd 7-way Clostridia, Heifer Brucellosis)*
- 4 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 5 Strategic fly control evaluations

Pregnant cows and heifers

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 8 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 9 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 10 Pregnancy detection (palpation, ultrasound)
- 11 Culling evaluations(based on physical, pregnancy, calves)

Post-Calving

Feb

Weaned, separated calves

(6 to 8 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, quality)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(grass, feed intake)
- 3 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 4 Strategic fly control evaluations
- Vaccinate (Live 4-way IBR, BVD, BRSV, PI3)*
- 6 Wean (market, retain)
- 7 Wean weights

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Culling evaluations(based on physical, calves)
- 11 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 12 Strategic fly control evaluations



3-mo Calving Interval

Pre-Calving Jun

Pregnant cows and heifers

(1 to 3 months prior to calving)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 Culling evaluations(based on physical)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Identifications (ear tag or tattoo, brand)
- 5 Nutritional evaluations(protein, minerals, fecal pad, hay, forage, soil test results)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Calving Jul - Sep

Pregnant cows and heifers

1 Observations (early assistance with dystocia)

New born calves

- 2 Observations (nursing, colostrum intake)
- 3 Birth weights
- 4 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 5 Sanitation evaluation

Post-Calving Nursing calves (less than 2 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk intake)
- 3 Identification (ear tag, notch or tattoo)
- 4 Castrate (knife or band)
- 5 Dehorn (hot iron or tube)

Cows

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(energy, minerals, soil test results)

Pre-Breeding Open heifers Jul - Aug (1 to 3 months prior to breeding)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 <u>Breeding Soundness Evaluation</u> (reproductive tract scores, pelvic measurements, breeding weights)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 5 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 8 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Bulls (1 to 3 months prior to turning in bulls)

- 9 Physical exams (body condition, prepuce, feet, teeth, eyes, nose)
- 10 Breeding Soundness Evaluation (semen, penis, testicles)
- 11 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 12 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 13 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 14 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 15 Strategic fly control evaluations
- * minimum vaccines

Post-Calving

Nursing calves

Nov

(2 to 4 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (1st 5-way Lepto, 1st 7-way Clostridia, Intranasal Live IBR)*
- 4 Growth implant
- 5 Identification (brand)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Cows

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 11 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 12 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Breeding

Oct - Dec

Bulls

- 1 Turn in bulls (bull to cow ratio)
- 2 Observations (serving, physical)

Post-Calving

Jan

Nursing calves

- (4 to 6 months of age)
- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- ${\bf 2} \quad Nutritional \ evaluations ({\it milk, grass, feed in take})$
- 3 Vaccinate (2nd 5-way Lepto, 2nd 7-way Clostridia, Heifer Brucellosis)
- 4 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 5 Strategic fly control evaluations

Pregnant cows and heifers

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 8 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 9 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 10 Pregnancy detection (palpation, ultrasound)
- 11 Culling evaluations(based on physical, pregnancy, calves)

Post-Calving

Mar

(6 to 8 months of age)

Weaned, separated calves

- Physical exams (behavior, quality)
 Nutritional evaluations (grass, feed intake)
- 3 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 4 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 5 Vaccinate (Live 4-way IBR, BVD, BRSV, PI3)*
- 6 Wean (market, retain)
- 7 Wean weights

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Culling evaluations(based on physical, calves)
- 11 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 12 Strategic fly control evaluations



3-mo Calving Interval

Pre-Calving Jul

Pregnant cows and heifers

(1 to 3 months prior to calving)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 Culling evaluations(based on physical)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Identifications (ear tag or tattoo, brand)
- Nutritional evaluations(protein, minerals, fecal pad, hay, forage, soil test results)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Calving Aug - Oct

Pregnant cows and heifers

1 Observations (early assistance with dystocia)

New born calves

- 2 Observations (nursing, colostrum intake)
- 3 Birth weights
- 4 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 5 Sanitation evaluation

Post-Calving Aug - Oct Nursing calves (less than 2 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk intake)
- 3 Identification (ear tag, notch or tattoo)
- Castrate (knife or band)
- 5 Dehorn (hot iron or tube)

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(energy, minerals, soil test results)

Pre-Breeding Open heifers (1 to 3 months prior to breeding)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- Breeding Soundness Evaluation (reproductive tract scores, pelvic measurements, breeding weights)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- Strategic fly control evaluations
- 8 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Bulls (1 to 3 months prior to turning in bulls)

- 9 Physical exams (body condition, prepuce, feet, teeth, eyes, nose)
- 10 Breeding Soundness Evaluation (semen, penis, testicles)
- 11 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 12 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 13 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 14 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 15 Strategic fly control evaluations
- minimum vaccines



Nursing calves

Dec

(2 to 4 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (1st 5-way Lepto, 1st 7-way Clostridia, Intranasal Live IBR)*
- 4 Growth implant
- 5 Identification (brand)
- Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 11 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 12 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Breeding

Bulls

Nov - Jan

(4 to 6 months of age)

- 1 Turn in bulls (bull to cow ratio)
- 2 Observations (serving, physical)

Post-Calving

Feb

Nursing calves

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (2nd 5-way Lepto, 2nd 7-way Clostridia, Heifer Brucellosis)*
- 4 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 5 Strategic fly control evaluations

Pregnant cows and heifers

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 8 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 9 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 10 Pregnancy detection (palpation, ultrasound)
- 11 Culling evaluations(based on physical, pregnancy, calves)

Post-Calving

Apr

Weaned, separated calves

- (6 to 8 months of age)
- 1 Physical exams (behavior, quality)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(grass, feed intake)
- 3 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 4 Strategic fly control evaluations
- Vaccinate (Live 4-way IBR, BVD, BRSV, PI3)*
- 6 Wean (market, retain)
- 7 Wean weights

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Culling evaluations(based on physical, calves)
- 11 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 12 Strategic fly control evaluations



3-mo Calving Interval

Pre-Calving Aug

Pregnant cows and heifers

(1 to 3 months prior to calving)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 Culling evaluations(based on physical)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Identifications (ear tag or tattoo, brand)
- Nutritional evaluations(protein, minerals, fecal pad, hay, forage, soil test results)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Sep - Nov Calving

Pregnant cows and heifers

1 Observations (early assistance with dystocia)

New born calves

- 2 Observations (nursing, colostrum intake)
- 3 Birth weights
- 4 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 5 Sanitation evaluation

Post-Calving Sep - Nov (less than 2 months of age) Nursing calves

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk intake)
- 3 Identification (ear tag, notch or tattoo)
- Castrate (knife or band)
- 5 Dehorn (hot iron or tube)

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- Nutritional evaluations(energy, minerals, soil test results)

Pre-Breeding Open heifers (1 to 3 months prior to breeding)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- Breeding Soundness Evaluation (reproductive tract scores, pelvic measurements, breeding weights)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- Strategic fly control evaluations
- 8 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Bulls (1 to 3 months prior to turning in bulls)

- 9 Physical exams (body condition, prepuce, feet, teeth, eyes, nose)
- 10 Breeding Soundness Evaluation (semen, penis, testicles)
- 11 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 12 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 13 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 14 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 15 Strategic fly control evaluations
- minimum vaccines

Post-Calving Nursing calves

Jan

(2 to 4 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (1st 5-way Lepto, 1st 7-way Clostridia, Intranasal Live IBR)*
- 4 Growth implant
- 5 Identification (brand)
- Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 11 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 12 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Breeding

Dec - Feb

Bulls

- 1 Turn in bulls (bull to cow ratio)
- 2 Observations (serving, physical)

Post-Calving

Mar

Nursing calves

(4 to 6 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (2nd 5-way Lepto, 2nd 7-way Clostridia, Heifer Brucellosis)*
- 4 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 5 Strategic fly control evaluations

Pregnant cows and heifers

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 8 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 9 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 10 Pregnancy detection (palpation, ultrasound)
- 11 Culling evaluations(based on physical, pregnancy, calves)

Post-Calving

May

Weaned, separated calves

(6 to 8 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, quality)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(grass, feed intake)
- 3 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 4 Strategic fly control evaluations
- Vaccinate (Live 4-way IBR, BVD, BRSV, PI3)*
- 6 Wean (market, retain)
- 7 Wean weights

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Culling evaluations(based on physical, calves)
- 11 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 12 Strategic fly control evaluations



3-mo Calving Interval

Pre-Calving

Pregnant cows and heifers

(1 to 3 months prior to calving)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 Culling evaluations(based on physical)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Identifications (ear tag or tattoo, brand)
- Nutritional evaluations(protein, minerals, fecal pad, hay, forage, soil test results)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Calving Oct - Dec

Pregnant cows and heifers

1 Observations (early assistance with dystocia)

New born calves

- 2 Observations (nursing, colostrum intake)
- 3 Birth weights
- 4 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 5 Sanitation evaluation

Post-Calving Oct - Dec Nursing calves (less than 2 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk intake)
- 3 Identification (ear tag, notch or tattoo)
- Castrate (knife or band)
- 5 Dehorn (hot iron or tube)

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(energy, minerals, soil test results)

Pre-Breeding Open heifers (1 to 3 months prior to breeding)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- Breeding Soundness Evaluation (reproductive tract scores, pelvic measurements, breeding weights)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 8 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Bulls (1 to 3 months prior to turning in bulls)

- 9 Physical exams (body condition, prepuce, feet, teeth, eyes, nose)
- 10 Breeding Soundness Evaluation (semen, penis, testicles)
- 11 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 12 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 13 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 14 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 15 Strategic fly control evaluations
 - minimum vaccines

Post-Calving Nursing calves

Feb

(2 to 4 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (1st 5-way Lepto, 1st 7-way Clostridia, Intranasal Live IBR)*
- 4 Growth implant
- 5 Identification (brand)
- Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 11 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 12 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Breeding

Jan - Mar

Bulls

- 1 Turn in bulls (bull to cow ratio)
- 2 Observations (serving, physical)

Post-Calving

Apr

(4 to 6 months of age)

Nursing calves

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (2nd 5-way Lepto, 2nd 7-way Clostridia, Heifer Brucellosis)*
- 4 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 5 Strategic fly control evaluations

Pregnant cows and heifers

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 8 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 9 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 10 Pregnancy detection (palpation, ultrasound)
- 11 Culling evaluations(based on physical, pregnancy, calves)

Post-Calving

Jun

Weaned, separated calves

(6 to 8 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, quality)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(grass, feed intake)
- 3 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 4 Strategic fly control evaluations
- Vaccinate (Live 4-way IBR, BVD, BRSV, PI3)*
- 6 Wean (market, retain)
- 7 Wean weights

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Culling evaluations(based on physical, calves)
- 11 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 12 Strategic fly control evaluations



3-mo Calving Interval

Pre-Calving Oct

Pregnant cows and heifers

(1 to 3 months prior to calving)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 Culling evaluations(based on physical)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Identifications (ear tag or tattoo, brand)
- 5 Nutritional evaluations(protein, minerals, fecal pad, hay, forage, soil test results)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Calving Nov - Jan

Pregnant cows and heifers

1 Observations (early assistance with dystocia)

New born calves

- 2 Observations (nursing, colostrum intake)
- 3 Birth weights
- 4 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 5 Sanitation evaluation

Post-Calving Nov - Jan Nursing calves (less than 2 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk intake)
- 3 Identification (ear tag, notch or tattoo)
- 4 Castrate (knife or band)
- 5 Dehorn (hot iron or tube)

Cows

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(energy, minerals, soil test results)

Pre-Breeding Nov - Dec Open heifers (1 to 3 months prior to breeding)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 <u>Breeding Soundness Evaluation</u> (reproductive tract scores, pelvic measurements, breeding weights)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 5 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 8 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Bulls (1 to 3 months prior to turning in bulls)

- 9 Physical exams (body condition, prepuce, feet, teeth, eyes, nose)
- 10 Breeding Soundness Evaluation (semen, penis, testicles)
- 11 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 12 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 13 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 14 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 15 Strategic fly control evaluations
- * minimum vaccines

Post-Calving
Nursing calves

Mar

(2 to 4 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (1st 5-way Lepto, 1st 7-way Clostridia, Intranasal Live IBR)*
- 4 Growth implant
- 5 Identification (brand)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Cows

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 11 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 12 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Breeding

Feb - Apr

Bulls

- 1 Turn in bulls (bull to cow ratio)
- 2 Observations (serving, physical)

Post-Calving Nursing calves

May

(4 to 6 months of age)

- Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (2nd 5-way Lepto, 2nd 7-way Clostridia, Heifer Brucellosis)
- 4 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 5 Strategic fly control evaluations

Pregnant cows and heifers

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 8 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 9 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 10 Pregnancy detection (palpation, ultrasound)
- 11 Culling evaluations(based on physical, pregnancy, calves)

Post-Calving

Jul

Weaned, separated calves (6 to 8 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, quality)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(grass, feed intake)
- 3 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 4 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 5 Vaccinate (Live 4-way IBR, BVD, BRSV, PI3)*
- 6 Wean (market, retain)
- 7 Wean weights

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Culling evaluations(based on physical, calves)
- 11 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 12 Strategic fly control evaluations



3-mo Calving Interval

Pre-Calving Nov

Pregnant cows and heifers

(1 to 3 months prior to calving)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 2 Culling evaluations(based on physical)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Identifications (ear tag or tattoo, brand)
- Nutritional evaluations(protein, minerals, fecal pad, hay, forage, soil test results)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

Dec - Feb Calving

Pregnant cows and heifers

1 Observations (early assistance with dystocia)

New born calves

- 2 Observations (nursing, colostrum intake)
- 3 Birth weights
- 4 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 5 Sanitation evaluation

Post-Calving Dec - Feb Nursing calves (less than 2 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, navel)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk intake)
- 3 Identification (ear tag, notch or tattoo)
- Castrate (knife or band)
- 5 Dehorn (hot iron or tube)

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(energy, minerals, soil test results)

Pre-Breeding Open heifers (1 to 3 months prior to breeding)

- 1 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- Breeding Soundness Evaluation (reproductive tract scores, pelvic measurements, breeding weights)
- 3 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 4 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 6 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 8 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Bulls (1 to 3 months prior to turning in bulls)

- 9 Physical exams (body condition, prepuce, feet, teeth, eyes, nose)
- 10 Breeding Soundness Evaluation (semen, penis, testicles)
- 11 Vaccinate (5-way Lepto, 7-way Clostridia)*
- 12 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 13 Culling evaluations(based on physical, breeding soundness evaluation)
- 14 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 15 Strategic fly control evaluations
- minimum vaccines

Post-Calving Nursing calves

Apr

(2 to 4 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (1st 5-way Lepto, 1st 7-way Clostridia, Intranasal Live IBR)*
- 4 Growth implant
- 5 Identification (brand)
- Strategic worm control evaluations
- 7 Strategic fly control evaluations

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 11 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 12 Estrous synchronization, artificial insemination

Breeding Mar - May

Bulls

Jun

- 1 Turn in bulls (bull to cow ratio)
- 2 Observations (serving, physical)

Post-Calving

Nursing calves

- (4 to 6 months of age) 1 Physical exams (behavior, growth)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(milk, grass, feed intake)
- 3 Vaccinate (2nd 5-way Lepto, 2nd 7-way Clostridia, Heifer Brucellosis)*
- 4 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 5 Strategic fly control evaluations

Pregnant cows and heifers

- 6 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 7 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 8 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 9 Strategic fly control evaluations
- 10 Pregnancy detection (palpation, ultrasound)
- 11 Culling evaluations(based on physical, pregnancy, calves)

Post-Calving

Aug

Weaned, separated calves

(6 to 8 months of age)

- 1 Physical exams (behavior, quality)
- 2 Nutritional evaluations(grass, feed intake)
- 3 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 4 Strategic fly control evaluations
- Vaccinate (Live 4-way IBR, BVD, BRSV, PI3)*
- 6 Wean (market, retain)
- 7 Wean weights

- 8 Physical exams (body condition, udder, feet, teeth, eyes)
- 9 Nutritional evaluations(protein, energy, minerals, soil test results)
- 10 Culling evaluations(based on physical, calves)
- 11 Strategic worm control evaluations
- 12 Strategic fly control evaluations